## § 1.469-5

taxable year, the partnership treats the grocery-store undertakings as a single activity.

- (ii) Paragraph (o)(3) of this section provides that a person who holds undertakings through a passthrough entity may not elect to treat those undertakings as separate activities if they are treated as part of the same activity on the applicable return of the passthrough entity. Under paragraph (o)(5) of this section, the applicable return of the partnership for the taxpayer's 1989 taxable year is the partnership's return for its taxable year ending on November 30, 1989, Accordingly, the taxpayer must treat the grocery-store undertakings as a single activity for 1989 because those undertakings are treated as a single activity on the partnership's return for its taxable year ending in
- (iii) Under paragraph (0)(4) of this section, the taxpayer must continue treating the grocery-store undertakings as part of the same activity for taxable years after 1989. This rule applies even if the partnership subsequently distributes its interest in the grocery stores to the taxpayer, and the taxpayer becomes the direct owner of the grocery-store undertakings.
- (p) Special rule for taxable years ending before August 10, 1989-(1) In general. For purposes of applying section 469 and the regulations thereunder for a taxable year ending before August 10, 1989, a taxpayer's business and rental operations may be organized into activities under the rules or paragraphs (b) through (n) of this section or under any other reasonable method. For example, for such taxable years a taxpayer may treat each of the taxpayer's undertakings as a separate activity, or a taxpayer may treat undertakings that involve the provision of similar goods or services as a single activity.
- (2) Unreasonable methods. A method of organizing business and rental operations into activities is not reasonable if such method—
- (i) Treats rental operations (within the meaning of paragraph (d)(3) of this section) that are not ancillary to a trade or business activity (within the meaning of 1.469-1T(e)(2)) as part of a trade or business activity;
- (ii) Treats operations that are not rental operations and are not ancillary to a rental activity (within the meaning of §1.469-1T(e)(3)) as part of a rental activity;
- (iii) Includes in a passive activity of a taxpayer any oil or gas well that would be treated, under paragraph

- (e)(1) of this section, as a separate undertaking in determining the tax-payer's activities;
- (iv) Includes in a passive activity of a taxpayer any interest in a dwelling unit that would be treated, under paragraph (K)(7) of this section, as a separate activity of the taxpayer; or
- (v) Is inconsistent with the taxpayer's method of organizing business and rental operations into activities for the taxpayer's first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1986.
- (3) Allocation of dissallowed deductions in succeeding taxable year. If any of the taxpayer's passive activity deductions or the taxpayer's credits from passive activities are disallowed under §1.469–1T for the last taxable year of the taxpayer ending before August 10, 1989, such disallowed deductions or credits shall be allocated among the taxpayer's activities for the first taxable year of the taxpayer ending after August 9, 1989, using any reasonable method. See §1.469–1T(f)(4).

[T.D. 8253, 54 FR 20542, May 12, 1989]

## §1.469-5 Material participation.

(a)-(e) [Reserved]

(f) Participation—(1) In general. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (f), any work done by an individual (without regard to the capacity in which the individual does the work) in connection with an activity in which the individual owns an interest at the time the work is done shall be treated for purposes of this section as participation of the individual in the activity.

(f)(2)-(h)(2) [Reserved]

- (h)(3) Coordination with rules governing the treatment of passthrough entities. If a taxpayer takes into account for a taxable year of the taxpayer any item of gross income or deduction from a partnership or S corporation that is characterized as an item of gross income or deduction from an activity in which the taxpayer materially participated under \$1.469-2T(e)(1), the taxpayer is treated as materially participating in the activity for the taxable year for purposes of applying \$1.469-5T(a)(5) and (6) to any succeeding taxable year of the taxpayer.
- (i) [Reserved]

- (j) Material participation for preceding taxable years—(1) In general. For purposes of §1.469–5T(a)(5) and (6), a tax-payer has materially participated in an activity for a preceding taxable year if the activity includes significant section 469 activities that are substantially the same as significant section 469 activities that were included in an activity in which the taxpayer materially participated (determined without regard to §1.469–5T(a)(5)) for the preceding taxable year.
- (2) Material participation for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987. In any case in which it is necessary to determine whether an individual materially participated in any activity for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 1987 (other than a taxable year of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust ending after December 31, 1986), the determination shall be made without regard to paragraphs (a)(2) through (7) of this section.
- (k) Examples. Example (1)—Example (4) [Reserved]

Example (5). In 1993, D, an individual, acquires stock in an S corporation engaged in a trade or business activity (within the meaning of §1.469-1(e)(2)). For every taxable year from 1993 through 1997, D is treated as materially participating (without regard to  $\S1.469-5T(a)(5)$ ) in the activity. D retires from the activity at the beginning of 1998, and would not be treated as materially participating in the activity for 1998 and subsequent taxable years if material participation of those years were determined without regard to §1.469-5T(a)(5). Under §1.469-5T(a)(5) of this section, however, D is treated as materially participating in the activity for taxable years 1998 through 2003 because D materially participated in the activity (determined without regard to §1.469-5T(a)(5) for five taxable years during the ten taxable years that immediately precede each of those years. D is not treated under \$1.469-5T(a)(5) as materially participating in the activity for taxable years beginning after 2003 because for those years D has not materially participated in the activity (determined without regard to \$1.469-5T(a)(5) for five of the last ten immediately preceding taxable years.

[T.D. 8417, 57 FR 20758, May 15, 1992]

## § 1.469-5T Material participation (temporary).

(a) In general. Except as provided in paragraphs (e) and (h)(2) of this sec-

- tion, an individual shall be treated, for purposes of section 469 and the regulations thereunder, as materially participating in an activity for the taxable vear if and only if—
- (1) The individual participates in the activity for more than 500 hours during such year;
- (2) The individual's participation in the activity for the taxable year constitutes substantially all of the participation in such activity of all individuals (including individuals who are not owners of interests in the activity) for such year;
- (3) The individual participates in the activity for more than 100 hours during the taxable year, and such individual's participation in the activity for the taxable year is not less than the participation in the activity of any other individual (including individuals who are not owners of interests in the activity) for such year;
- (4) The activity is a significant participation activity (within the meaning of paragraph (c) of this section) for the taxable year, and the individual's aggregate participation in all significant participation activities during such year exceeds 500 hours;
- (5) The individual materially participated in the activity (determined without regard to this paragraph (a)(5)) for any five taxable years (whether or not consecutive) during the ten taxable years that immediately precede the taxable year:
- (6) The activity is a personal service activity (within the meaning of paragraph (d) of this section), and the individual materially participated in the activity for any three taxable years (whether or not consecutive) preceding the taxable year; or
- (7) Based on all of the facts and circumstances (taking into account the rules in paragraph (b) of this section), the individual participates in the activity on a regular, continuous, and substantial basis during such year.
- (b) Facts and circumstances—(1) In general. [Reserved]
- (2) Certain participation insufficient to constitute material participation under this paragraph (b)—(i) Participation satisfying standards not contained in section 469. Except as provided in section 469(h)(3) and paragraph (h)(2) of this